

SOFT-TIP ELECTRONIC DART GAME

Model: FH-9881 / FH-9882

The history of darts goes back hundreds of years. Henry VIII of England and Charles VI of France were said to be among the dart throwers. The game was likely evolved from archery and spear throwing. Moreover, the development of modern darts was closely associated with English pubs. To hit the center of the board (called "Bull's Eye", used to be made from cork) with a dart was once thought to be purely lucky. Yet, to the English Court's satisfaction in 1908, a Leeds innkeeper demonstrated that it is indeed a game of skill. Ever since, dart playing has been accepted as a popular social and sporting activity. There are tournaments in every country, and the game is enjoyed by millions of people worldwide.

Revolution in electronics has elevated the joy and fun of plaving darts. New and exciting games are being added to the collection. Automatic score-keeping and hints for rules are making it ever so easy to play. From young to old, for men and women, competing as individual or team, darts brings friends together. It is no wander, in darts tradition, that each game begins and ends with a handshake.

WARNING: THIS IS NOT A CHILD'S TOY. ADULT SUPERVISION IS REQUIRED FOR CHILDREN PLAYING DARTS. CONTAIN SMALL PARTS THAT IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR CHILDREN UNDER 3 YEARS OLD. PLEASE READ INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. PROPER USE OF DARTS CAN AVOID DAMAGE OR INJURY.

Carefully unpack your new dartboard and familiarize yourself with its function and controls before use. Should you suspect the dartboard does not work correctly, please refer to the TROUBLE SHOOTING section in this manual first.

CARING FOR YOUR DARTBOARD

IMPORTANT! This game is designed for use with **SOFT-TIP DARTS ONLY**. Use of steel tip darts will cause permanent damage to the board.

- ⇒ Apply proper force and stance to throw darts. It is not necessary to throw hard for the darts to stick in the board. The recommended weight of soft-tip dart is no more than 16 grams (official standard for many dart organizations and tournaments). (See TIPS AND TECHNIQUES.)
- ⇒ Use proper replacement tips. To reduce bounce-outs, you shall use the same kinds of soft tips as those come with the game or those packed with SMARTNESS label. Long tips are not recommended for electronic dartboards. They break or crook more easily. (See TROUBLE SHOOTING for removing broken tips.)

- ⇒ Use only the AC adapter that comes with the game set.
- ⇒ Avoid dartboard being subjected to extreme weather or temperature.
- ⇒ Avoid dartboard being subjected to liquid or excessive moisture.
- ⇒ Clean dartboard with damp cloth and/or mild detergent only.

TIPS AND TECHNIQUES

- TIP 1: A proper stance is to align your hand, elbow, shoulder, hip and foot. If you are using right hand, then turn the right side of your body facing the board. Put your weight on your right foot in the front, slightly lean forward, and balance with the left foot. If you are using left hand, then do it vice versa.
- TIP 2: The throwing motion should be from your elbow out. Keep your body steady and use only your hand, wrist and forearm. Bring your forearm slightly back, and with a fluid motion throw the dart toward the board. Follow through the throw by pointing the index finger at the area that you are aiming.
- TIP 3: When removing dart from the board, apply a little twist to the right while pulling the dart out will make it easier.
- TIP 4: Practice, Practice! Practice makes you a better dart player.

HOW TO TURN POWER ON

This electronic dartboard is equipped with automatic turn-off function (sleeping mode). There is no power switch. Simply plug in the AC adapter and the DC plug, and then the board is turned on. If the board is left inactive over 5 minutes, the displays and peripheries will shut off automatically, into the sleeping mode. As long as the power is remained connected, the board will remember the state of the game where it was left. By pushing the GAME button, the board will wake up and resume playing.

GETTING STARTED

Push this button to select the number of players.

(see TABLE 1).

GAME SETUP

GAME **OPTION**

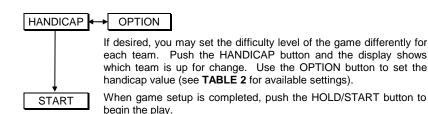
Push this button to select one of the group of games. The first option of the group will appear on the display.

Push this button to select other options in the group. The games are code-named. Check with TABLE 2 for available games.



Push this button to select the number of teams (the "Default" setting),

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Note: Refer to the DESCRIPTION section and illustration for the descriptions of "Setup Windows".

Example:

- Push GAME to select the "_01" game. Then, push OPTION to set the initial value of the score to "501".
- 2. Push PLAYER and set the number of players to 5. You can play with PLAYER mode or you can play with TEAM mode by the team assignment you like.
- Player 1 and Player 5 are beginners. Push HANDICAP and "Sr1" (for SCORE 1) appears on display. Push OPTION to change the initial value of SCORE 1 to "301". Team 1 will now play the game starting from 301 points.
- Player 3 (P_3) is a better player. Push HANDICAP until "Sr3" appears. Push OPTION and set the initial value of SCORE 3 to "701"
- No handicapping is set for Player 2 and Player 4 (P_2 and P_4). Hence, The initial points of SCORE 2 and SCORE 4 are "501".
- 6. Push HOLD/START to begin the game.

TABLE 1: Team Assignment

No. Players	No. Teams	Team 1 (SCORE 1)	Team 2 (SCORE 2)	Team 3 (SCORE 3)	Team 4 (SCORE 4)	Remarks
1_P	OFF	P1				
2_P	2_ <i>t</i>	P1	P2			by default
3_P	3_t 2_t	P1 P1, P3	P2 P2	Р3		by default
4_P	4_t 3_t 2_t	P1 P1, P4 P1, P3	P2 P2 P2, P4	P3 P3	P4	by default
5_P	4_t	P1, P5	P2	Р3	Р4	by default

			P1, P4 P1, P3, P5		Р3		
6.	_P		P1, P4	P2, P6 P2, P5 P2, P4, P6		P4	by default
7.	_P	3_ <i>t</i>	P1, P4, P7	P2, P6 P2, P5 P2, P4, P6	P3, P6	P4	by default
8.	_P	3_t		P2, P6 P2, P5, P8 P2, P4, P6, P8		P4, P8	by default

TABLE 2: Game Selection and Handicapping List

GAME	OPTION		HANDICAP	
Group	Code	Dart Game	Range	Step
_01	301	301	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	501	501	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	601	601	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	701	701	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	801	801	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	901	901	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	1001	1001	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
lea	301	League 301	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	501	League 501	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	601	League 601	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	701	League 701	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	801	League 801	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	901	League 901	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
	1001	League 1001	301 to 1001	change by 100 points
rc	rc	Round the Clock	No. 1 to 9	advance 1 number
	S_0	Shoot-Out	0 to 9 points	add 1 point
	SH	Shanghai	No. 1 to 9	advance 1 number
	1-2	Halve-It	0 to 950 points	add 50 points
	Hnt	Hunting	0 to 9 points	add 1 point
Cu2	Cu2	Count Up 200	0 to 150 points	add 50 points
	Cu4	Count Up 400	0 to 350 points	add 50 points
	Cu6	Count Up 600	0 to 550 points	add 50 points

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	Cu8 Cu0 Hi	Count Up 800 Count Up 1000 High Score	0 to 750 points 0 to 950 points 0 to 500 points	add 50 points add 50 points add 50 points
o ⁻	0 U_ b-6	Overs Unders Big-6	3 to 7 lives 3 to 7 lives 3 to 7 lives	add 1 life add 1 life add 1 life
Cri	Cri no Cut PuP	Cricket - (Standard) No Score Cricket Cut Throat Cricket Killer Cricket	0, 20, 25 0, 20, 25 0, 20, 25 0, 20, 25 0, 20, 25	(see Note) (see Note) (see Note) (see Note)
			18, 17, 1 "25": must cl	ose numbers from 20, 19, 16, 15 to Bull. Ose numbers from Bull,
rCr	rCr rno rCt rPu	Random Cricket Random No Score Random Cut Throat Random Killer	13, 16,	7, 18, 19 to 20.
LCr	LCr Lno LCt LPu	Low-Pitch Cricket Low-Pitch No Score Low-Pitch Cut Throat Low-Pitch Killer	[6-1,Bull] [12-7,Bull] [6-1,Bull] [12-7,Bull]	[18-13,Bull] [20-15,Bull] [18-13,Bull] [20-15,Bull] [18-13,Bull] [20-15,Bull] [18-13,Bull] [20-15,Bull]
biL	biL mf PAC Hot	Billiard Minefield Pachisi Hot Potato	spot No. 20 to 11 spot No. 20 to 11 spot No. 20 to 11 spot No. 20 to 11	fill 1 spot fill 1 spot fill 1 spot fill 1 spot

SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

DOUBLE

For the games, 301-1001 and League 301-1001, you can choose additional settings to make the game more challenging (see GAME INSTRUCTIONS). You may change this setting anytime before or during the game to give the less skillful player a break. The available settings are:

Open In / Open Out
Open In / Double Out
Open In / Double Out
Open In / Master Out)

COMPUTER (CPU) BOUNCE OUT Push this button before the game starts allowing you to choose to "Play against Computer" or not, ON/OFF.

After the game starts, push this button before next throw allowing you to discard the score registered by the dart that does not stay on the board. In many tournaments, bounce-out scores are not counted.

SOLITAIRE

Push this button to turn on the automatic player change function. When 3 throws are registered on the board, the computer will change player automatically. This is ideal for a single player with a handful of darts in practice. *This function is only valid after the game starts.*

LEVEL / VOLUME Push this button before the game starts allowing you to choose the Smart Level of Computer from 1 to 7. The higher the level is, the more smart the Computer is.

After the game starts, this button allows you to adjust speaker volume. There are 7 levels between sound-off and the maximum volume.

HOLD

During a play, a push on the HOLD/START button provides a pause to the game. This is typically useful to avoid accidentally touching off scoring when removing darts. A push on the button again will resume the game.

RESET

A push on this button will cause interruption and prompt up the setup mode. All the settings remain the same as the last game. You may choose to change settings, or you may simply push the START button to start the same game again. Push the RESET button twice will clear the HANDICAP settings.

PLAYING GAME

- This is an Interactive electronic dartboard. With this new generation model, you
 can play with Virtual Opponent enjoyably. With this new developed item, you will
 have a fanatic to hurrah for you royally.
- 2. A larger dot in the corresponding SCORE window shows which *Team* is up, and the sign, "P_1", "P_2", etc., shows which *Player* is up for throwing the darts. Each player is entitled to throw 3 darts per turn. The three small dots on the "Actual Score" display are indicating remaining throws available for the turn.
- This smart dart game can track cumulative scores and reveal target or hints automatically (see TABLE 3). Single, double, or triple hit is always announced by a Talker, and showed on the Dot Matrix Display simultaneously (for model 78054 only).
- 4. Always wait for the finish of the ready signal before throwing darts.

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- At the end of one's turn, the board is automatically on hold (unless you have turn on the Solitaire function). Remove the darts and press the PLAYER button to advance the play.
- When you choose the "Computer ON", the last player/team will be set to the Computer automatically.
- The game ends when the finishing placement of all teams becomes determined. Each display will then alternately show the final score and the placement of the team.

TABLE 3: Information Shown on Displays

Dart Game	Actual Score	Player/Team Score	Cricket Score Board
301-1001, League 301-1001	Score of a Hit \rightarrow Turn Total	Cumulative Score	
Round the Clock	Number Hit	Target	
Shoot-Out, Shanghai, Halve-It, Hunting	Target → Number Hit	Cumulative Score	
Count-Up, High Score	Turn Total	Cumulative Score	
Overs, Unders	Score of a Hit	Target → 3-Dart Total	Remaining Lives
Big-6	Number Hit	Target	Remaining Lives
Cricket, Random, Low-Pitch: <i>Standard</i> and <i>Cut Throat</i>	Number Hit	Cumulative Score	Cricket Marking
Cricket, Random, Low-Pitch: <i>No Score</i> and <i>Killer</i>	Number Hit	0	Cricket Marking
Billiard, Pachisi, Hot Potato	Hint → Number Hit	End Point Position	Game Road Map (Marks cursor, barrier and achievement).
Minefield	Hint → Number Hit	Remaining Lives	Game Road Map (Marks cursor, traps and achievement).

GAME INSTRUCTIONS

301-1001

This is the most popular dart game, played in most leagues and tournaments. Each player starts the game with 301 points (or 501, 601, etc.). At the end of each

player's turn, the sum of the three darts thrown is subtracted from the player's score. The player who reaches exactly zero first wins. The play can continue until the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th places are determined.

Busting Rule: When a player exceeds the score needed to reach exactly zero, the turn is a "bust" and the score reverts back to what it was before the turn.

To make the game more challenging, you may use the DOUBLE button to set additional restrictions on how to start and end the game. The choices are:

Open In: The scoring begins when any number is hit.

Open Out. The player can finish the game with a hit on any number that reduces the score to exactly zero.

Double In: To start, the player must hit a number in the double ring or a double Bull's Eye. No score will be counted until this condition is satisfied.

Double Out: To win, the player must hit a double or a double Bull's Eye that reduces the score to exactly zero. A score leaving the player with "1" will BUST.

Master Out: To win, the player must hit a double, a double Bull's Eye, or a triple that reduces the score to exactly zero. A residual score of "1" will BUST.

Dart Out Feature: In professional competitions, the game is usually played with Double Out. When the score dropped below 170 points, the player can get a double out and win the game within the three throws for that turn. The board will automatically calculate and show hints for Dart Out. The hints will be shown in its suggested order. If the player misses the first suggestion and still has the chance to finish with the remaining two throws, the board will re-calculate hints for Dart Out. No hints will be provided for score below 40, since it will be very easy to figure out the combination.

LEAGUE 301-1001

This is a team play of the 301-1001 game, very popular among dart leagues. There are always 2 teams and 4 scores to track. Player 1 and Player 3 play against Player 2 and Player 4. The game is played the same way as the individual 301-1001 game. Any player reducing his/her score to exact zero first makes his/her team a winner, BUT a "Freeze Rule" applies.

Freeze Rule: A player can not go out the game when the partner's residual score is higher than the sum of their opponents' residual scores. (A tie is OK to go out.) A "frozen" player can only try to get his/her score as low as possible and hope his/her partner can win. If a player is frozen and reaches zero, then the game is Burst on that player.

The rule is to ensure that the winning team has the best combined performance, and none can win the game without the help of his/her partner. Moreover, this dartboard allows handicapping each player separately for the League play. The team play can also take 8 players, with two each on one score and four in a team.

ROUND THE CLOCK

The player tries to hit the numbers from 1 to 20 in order. When a number is hit, then the game is advanced for shooting the next number. The player reaches and hits 20 first is the winner. Double and triple are treated the same as a single, being counted as one hit.

SHOOT-OUT

With the help of smart electronics, this game is invented and is more exciting than *Round-The-Clock*. The target is being randomly picked by the on-board computer. There are 10 seconds for you to throw the dart. A hit on the target counts as 1 point. Double and triple are treated the same as a single. If the 10-second time expires, it is considered a throw has made and missed. The target is renewed after each throw. The player to accumulate 15 points first wins.

SHANGHAI

The game is similar to *Round-The-Clock*, except scores are being cumulated and the game is limited to 7 rounds, or 21 shots. Player starts shooting with the number 1 and progress toward 20 and Bull's Eye. No hit is counted when it is out of the numbering sequence. A hit on a double or a triple is counted as 2x or 3x the number. Example: A hit on double 3 counts as 2x3=6 points. By the end of the 7th round, the player who accumulates the most points wins.

HALVE-IT

The game is like playing Jeopardy. A total miss with three throws can send your score tumbling down. Everybody starts the game by shooting the number 12, and then 13, 14, any Doubles, 15, 16, 17, any Triples, 18, 19, 20 and Bull's Eye. Each player throws three darts at the same number, and then progress to the next number in the next round. A hit on a double or triple counts as 2x or 3x the points. If a player misses all three throws on the specific target in a round, his/her scores will be cut in half. The more score you have accumulated, the more serious is the result, should you miss any hit completely in a turn. At the end of the game, the player who accumulates the most points is the winner.

HUNTING

This game provides the ultimate challenge with multiple random targets like trap-shooting. In each round, the computer picks a set of three targets. The three targets appear at the same time and stay on until three throws have been registered or the time has expired. The player has to be fast and sharp to take down all three targets in 15 seconds. Any hit on a target scores 1 point and makes the target go away. If all three have been hit, then the score is 3. The player who accumulates 15 points first wins.

COUNT-UP

This is a simple game that anybody can play. The objective is to beat other players by reaching a preset score first. The available settings are: 200, 400, 600, 800 30

and 1000. Each player tries to score as high as possible in his/her turns, and the final total score is allowed to be more than the preset score.

HIGH SCORE

This game is much like *Count-Up*, except that the game ends at the finish of the 7th round. The player who accumulates the highest total scores wins.

OVERS

This is a simple and quick game. The player should try to score higher than or equal to the pervious highest score made in a turn. When a player scores less than the record of three-dart total, a "Life" is then taken away from the player. By default, each player has 3 lives to spare. However, Handicaping can extend the player's lives up to 7. The last player stands to be alive in the game is the winner.

UNDERS

The game is similar to *Overs*, except the objective is to beat the lowest record of three-dart total. When the three-dart total is higher than the record, then a "Life" is taken away from the player. A pass of a throw, a hit outside the scoring area, or a discarded bounce-out dart (i.e., the bounce-out button was pushed) is penalized with 60 points (3x20, the highest possible one-dart score). The last player stands to be alive in the game is the winner.

BIG-6

The player tries to earn the chance of picking the next target by making a hit on the current target first. Single-6 is the first target when the game starts. Within the three throws, the player has to hit the target once to save his/her lives. As long as the hit is made by the first or the second throw, the player has a chance with one throw to select the next target. Singles, Doubles and Triples are all considered as different targets. The strategy is to pick the toughest target for the opponents as possible, such as "triple-20" or "double-Bull's Eye". The last player stands to be alive in the game is the winner.

CRICKET - (Standard)

Cricket is a game that is extremely popular in America and Central Europe. Players adopt defensive or attacking strategy, depending on the state of the game. At any point in the game, each player can make effort to increase the score or to attempt blocking other players from scoring.

The game is played with the numbers 15 through 20 and the Bull's Eye. Each player must mark a number 3 times to *CLOSE* it. A hit of a single counts as 1 mark; a double counts as 2 marks and a triple counts as 3 marks. After a number is closed, additional "markings" are converted into scores that is equal to the number. However, when a number is closed by all players (*ALL CLOSED*), that number is then no longer available for cumulating scores. The winner is who has the highest score and closed all the numbers first. If scores are even, the player who closes all the numbers first wins.

The strategy can be very different if the game is being played with the restriction that is to close each number in a specific order. Use HANDICAP function to choose such variations: playing "20 down to 15 then Bull" or "Bull and then 15 up to 20". Close the numbers in the set sequence. You will see the difference after playing couple games in this fashion.

NOTE: See the DESCRIPTION section for notes on Cricket Score Board.

NO SCORE CRICKET

This is a simplified version of *Cricket*. The objective is to close all the numbers as soon as possible. No score is given for hit on a closed number at any time.

CUT THROAT CRICKET

This is a reversed version of *Cricket* in scoring. Most popularly being played with 3 players. Two of the players may joint up and sack another player before they turn to each other for a fight.

After a number is closed, a hit for the scoring is being add to the opponents' scores. The higher cumulative score is on the losing side. However, no score will be added to a player who has the number already closed. The winner is who has the lowest score and closed all the numbers first. If a player closed all the numbers first but also has a higher score, he/she must keep on scoring to bring opponents' scores surge over or equal to his/her score. Hence, the best strategy is to close the numbers as soon as possible to block others from giving you points, while adding the chance to penalize others.

KILLER CRICKET

This game is much like the *No Score Cricket* with an added twist. When a number is closed, the player has a chance to eliminate opponents' marking by hitting the same number again. However, if the opponent has the number closed as well, then no marks will be taken away from that player. Noticing that, instead of turning on a light, each positive marking will turn off a light on the Cricket Score Board.

The player who closes all the numbers first is the winner.

Example: For the number 19, Player 1 has 1 hit (hence 1 light off), Player 2 has 2 hits (hence 2 lights off), and Player 3 has number 19 closed (3 lights off). Player 4 comes up and hits a triple 19, closed number 19 too. Player 4 then aims and hits single 19 again. In consequence, Player 1 and 2 are being put back one light on 19, and Player 3 is not affected. Which means, Player 1 and 2 are being pushed back 1 hit away from closing 19.

RANDOM CRICKET

This game is similar to the standard *Cricket* game. The significant difference is that, except the Bull, the other six scoring numbers are randomly picked up by the computer. The rest of the rules are the same as the standard cricket.

RANDOM CRICKET — NO SCORE RANDOM CRICKET — CUT THROAT RANDOM CRICKET — KILLER

The number selection process is the same as the game, Random Cricket. The rest of the rules are the same as the No Score Cricket, the Cut Throat Cricket or the Killer Cricket.

LOW-PITCH CRICKET

In this game the Cricket numbers are set to be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and Bull. The rest of the rules are the same as the standard cricket. Furthermore, you can use HANDICAP to select a different set of Cricket numbers. There are 4 sets of numbers to be chosen from, 6-1 and Bull, 12-7 and Bull, 18-13 and Bull, and the regular 20-15 and Bull. One player may be handicapped to play 6-1 and Bull, while the other player may play 18-13 and Bull. The player that plays the higher numbers can accumulate points faster and has a better chance to win.

LOW-PITCH CRICKET — NO SCORE LOW-PITCH CRICKET — CUT THROAT LOW-PITCH CRICKET — KILLER

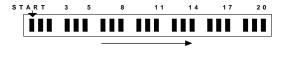
The process of setting up the game is the same as the Low-Pitch Cricket. The rest of the rules of scoring and winning are the same as the No Score Cricket, the Cut Throat Cricket or the Killer Cricket.

BILLIARD

This and the next 3 games are new creations that belong to a whole new ballpark. The goal is to move the cursor from the starting position to fill a vacant spot at the end point. A hit on any number will move the cursor the exact steps as the number indicates. Double and triple are no differences than a single. If the move falls short from landing the cursor on the end point, then make another throw and try to make up the steps. If a hit overshoots the number of steps needed, the cursor will then rebound with the excessive steps from the end point. The cursor is moved along the path as shown in the illustration. When the spot at the end point is filled, the end point is then moved one step closer toward the starting point. The winner is who fills all the vacant spots and moves the end point to the starting point first.

Example:

 Player 1 starts the game. The display is showing "_20" that advises Player 1 to hit 20 in order to fill



the first spot. Player throws the first dart and hits 5. The cursor is moved to the spot marked "5" in the illustration.

- 2. The board automatically calculates the difference and advises Player 1 with "_15" to shoot at. Player 1 aims at 15, but hits 17. The cursor moves 15 steps and bounces off the end point 2 steps to land on the spot "18".
- 3. Now, the display is showing "_2". Player 1 throws a third dart and hits the number "2". The cursor lands exactly on the spot "20" and a cheering tune played. The display is now showing "19", indicating the end point has moved a step forward, and flashing for player change.

MINEFIELD

Essentially, this game is played the same way as *Billiard*. The exception is that there are 6 mines being planted randomly. You can pass over a mine but do not stop on it. If the cursor happened to land on a mine, the mine explodes and a "Life" is lost. Each player has 3 lives for spare. If the player loses all 3 lives before finishing filling spots, he/she is then out of the game. After the explosion, the spot is safe as a regular one.

When the end point encounters a mined spot, the end point passes the mine and settles on the next spot. Hence, you do not need to fill the mined spots. However, if explosion happens, the spot is then evacuated and needs to be filled. The player who fills all the spots first or stays to be the last one alive is the winner.

PACHISI

The concept was inspired from an old Indian game with the same name and that has a German name equivalent to say "Don't Bother Me!" The rules are similar to *Billiard*. In addition, there is a barrier between the cursor and the end point. You need to land on the barrier in order to pass this trouble to the next player. Otherwise, the cursor can only be bouncing between the starting point and the barrier but never get over to the end point. The player who finishes filling spots and moves the end point to the starting point first is the winner.

The trouble barrier is always located between the cursor and the end point. When the next player gets the barrier, its position is being calculated with the with the rules as follows: (a) Count the barrier's previous position from the starting point as "x". (b) Count "x" steps starting from the cursor's location of the player who receives it. (c) If "x" is more than the steps between cursor and end point, the barrier is bouncing back and forth between the two points for "x" steps. These rules ensure that the barrier will not always appear on the same spot.

HOT POTATO

This game is similar to *Pachisi*, only that the barrier is now called "Hot Potato" and does more harm. During relocation, if the "Hot Potato" bounces a filled spot, it will dig out the fill and push the end point one step back.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

No Power

Check and make sure the AC adapter is properly plugged in to the electrical outlet, and the DC plug is properly connected to the DC

Jack on the board.

Game Will Not Score

Check to see if the game is in the setup mode or if the game is on hold. You may also check to see if any scoring segments or function buttons are stuck.

Stuck Segment or Button During shipping or in the course of normal play, it is possible for the scoring segments to become temporarily jammed. If such situation happens, all automated scoring ceases. A warning signal sounds and the display begins flashing with the indication of which number is stuck. By gently removing the dart or wiggling the segment with your finger, you will be able to free the segment. The game may then be resumed and scoring will not be affected.

A stuck function button will result in a frozen board as well. The flashing display shows "-*F*-" with a warning sound. Apply the same technique gently to free the stuck button.

Removing Broken Tips Plastic tip is safer but does not last forever. If a tip breaks and remains in the board, try to pull it out gently with a pair of pliers. However, for a short broken tip that sticks flush with the segment surface, you may push it through the hole into the board. The soft tip will not hurt the circuit behind the segment. Nevertheless, we recommend you to use a good *SOFT TIP* on a dart to push the broken one through. Be careful, not to use a pointed metal object to do the job. A pointed object may cause damage if being stuck too deep into the board. Remember, the heavier the dart is, the higher the chance that the tip will break.

Power or Electro-mag netic Interference Under extreme situation of electromagnetic interference, the electronics of the dartboard may show erratic behavior or fail to continue working. The examples of these situations may be: heavy thunderstorm, power line surge, rolling brown out, or too close to an electrical motor or microwave. To restore the game to normal operation, unplug the AC adapter for several seconds and then reconnect the power again. Be sure to remove the source that causes the interference as well.

DESCRIPTIONS

1) Single: Score as number shown.

2) Double: Score x 2.3) Triple: Score x 3.

Bull's Eye: The outer bull is 25 points; the center double bull is 50 points.

5) Catch-Ring: Catch missed dart, no score.

- 6) Function Buttons: (see sections of GETTING STARTED).
- 7) Actual Score: (see Table 3)
- 8) Player/Team Scores (SCORE 1-4): (see Table 3)
- 9) Turn indicator: show who is up for the throw.
- 10) Dart Indicators: Show how many throws remain for the turn.
- 11) Cricket Score Boards: (see Table 3)
- 12) Display of Cricket Numbers
- 13) **Dart Scores:** (i) Show dart hit; (ii) Show Dart-Out calculation. For Dart-Out display, single, double and triple are indicated by the corresponding number of bars on the adjacent Cricket Score Board.
- 14) Indicators for Double In (di), Double Out (do) and Master Out (Eo).
- 15) Dart Count: Number of darts thrown.
- 16) Average:
 - (i) 301-1001, League 301-1001, Count-Up, High Score: Scoring Points per Dart.
 - (ii) Round the Clock, Shoot Out, Shanghai, Halve-It: Scoring Hit per Dart.
 - (iii) Billiard, Minefiels, Pachisi, Hot Potato: Spot-filled per Dart.
- 17) Sector Lamps: (i) Indicate dart hit; (ii) Indicate target.
- 18) **DC Jack:** For connecting AC adapter.
- 19) Darts and Accessories Holder
- 20) **Setup Windows:** (a) number of players, (b) number of teams, (c) team score selection for handicap setting, (d) initial score, (e) dart game code-name.

The product complies to the requirements of the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC, and carries the CE marking accordingly.